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National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners

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February 19, 2003

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Ms. Marlene H. Dortch Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20554

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

RE: NARUC Opposition to Petition for Reconsideration filed by Verizon Companies in the FCC Proceedings captioned:

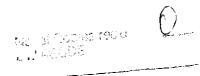
In the Mutter of Implementation of the Telecommunications Act of 1996; Telecommunications Carriers' Use of Customer Proprietary Network Information and Other Customer Information; Docket No. 96-775; Implementation & the Nun-Accounting Safeguards of Sections 271 and 272 & the Communications Act of 1993, as amended. Docket No. 96-149

Dear Ms. Dortcli:

Verizon filed a petition for Reconsideration of the Federal Communications Commission's (FCC) July 16, 2002 Order concerning its Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI) rules in the above captioned proceeding. In that July Order, the FCC determined when slates adopt CPNI rules that are more restrictive than the FCC's rules, tlic agency will decline "to apply any presumption that such requirements would be vulnerable to precmption." (CPNI Order, Page 31, ¶. 70) Instead the FCC decided to exercise preeniptive authority on a case-by-case basis. Verizon has asked the Commission to reconsider these findings. The National Association of Regulatory Commissioners (NARUC) respectfully requests that the Commission reject Verizon's request.

As the California Commission points out in their opposition, Venzon bases their petition on three arguments (1) that this preemption policy is contrary to Section 222 of the Telecommunications Act, (2) that it may be difficult to implement separate state rules, and (3) that this preemption policy infringes upon carriers' 1st amendment rights. None of the arguments have merit. While it may be that the FCC has the ability to preempt state CPNI rules, Verizon cannol point to any statutory language or court decision that requires the FCC to preempt the states as a matter of law. The second and third assertions are at best premature. Neither argument can be fully tested until the FCC has before it the issue of whether a given state rule should or should not be preempted.

As Verizon has made no new arguments, NARUC respectfully requests that the FCC deny Verizon's Petition for Reconsideration.



NARUC requests any waivers needed to file this comment out-of-time. Alternatively, NARUC requests this be treated as a written *ex parte* letter supporting the California Opposition Comments and opposing the Verizon petition.

Respectfully Submitted,

James Bradford Ramsay NARUC General Counsel

cc: Christopher Libertelli, Office of Chairman Powell
Dan Gonzalez, Office of Commissioner Martin
Matthew Brill, Office of Commissioner Abernathy
Jordan Goldstein, Office of Commissioner Copps
Lisa Zaina, Office of Commissioner Adelstein
William Maher, Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau